

~~Living Documents~~  
~~Evolving Documents~~  
~~Checkpoint~~  
~~Documents~~  
Checkpoint Drafts

# Note Well

This is a reminder of IETF policies in effect on various topics such as patents or code of conduct. It is only meant to point you in the right direction. Exceptions may apply. The IETF's patent policy and the definition of an IETF "contribution" and "participation" are set forth in BCP 79; please read it carefully.

As a reminder:

- ♦ By participating in the IETF, you agree to follow IETF processes and policies.
- ♦ If you are aware that any IETF contribution is covered by patents or patent applications that are owned or controlled by you or your sponsor, you must disclose that fact, or not participate in the discussion.
- ♦ As a participant in or attendee to any IETF activity you acknowledge that written, audio, video, and photographic records of meetings may be made public.
- ♦ Personal information that you provide to IETF will be handled in accordance with the IETF Privacy Statement.
- ♦ As a participant or attendee, you agree to work respectfully with other participants; please contact the ombudsteam (<https://www.ietf.org/contact/ombudsteam/>) if you have questions or concerns about this.

Definitive information is in the documents listed below and other IETF BCPs. For advice, please talk to WG chairs or ADs:

- ♦ [BCP 9](#) (Internet Standards Process)
- ♦ [BCP 25](#) (Working Group processes)
- ♦ [BCP 25](#) (Anti-Harassment Procedures)
- ♦ [BCP 54](#) (Code of Conduct)
- ♦ [BCP 78](#) (Copyright)
- ♦ [BCP 79](#) (Patents, Participation)
- ♦ <https://www.ietf.org/privacy-policy/> (Privacy Policy)

# Disclaimers

- This is an idea / concept
  - It's not a hill worth dying on
  - .... far more discussion than we'd been expecting
- Many different use cases
  - One size does not fit all
  - One solution will not fit all
  - Possibly one solution suitable for **many** though

~~Stable~~ Checkpoint is  
not carved in stone...

# RSEs views...

- Interesting idea that has potential to improve the quality of RFCs published
- If this means fewer RFCs are published, that's OK
- None of this is in the official purview of the RFC Editor (but we really like the idea of producing ever-higher quality technical documents)

# Use Cases

1. Operational documents
2. WG Support documents
3. Implementation documents
4. External documents
5. Protocol documents

# Operational Documents

- This is where this started
- These are "advice", not protocol
- Changes frequently, not "worth" creating new RFC
  - V1: "you should filter routes using IRR"
  - V2: "you should filter routes using IRR and RPKI"
  - V3: "you should rank RPKI data over IRR"
- Terminology documents:
  - RFC7719 - DNS Terminology (Dec 2015)
  - RFC8499 - DNS Terminology (Jan 2019)
  - draft-hoffman-dns-terminology-ter-01...
- Hitchhikers Guide to... [SIP, DNS]

# Implementation Documents

- QUIC / HTTPBIS name specific drafts as "implementation" drafts.
- Github document indicates which features are tested at each interop event.
- TSV tried to use Status Reports in the datatracker for similar functions.
- A standard way of indicating the "state of play" for new implementers would be useful.

**This is a different use case - not covered here.**



# WG Support documents

- Use case documents
- Requirements documents
- Lessons learned (we tried X, if failed like this...)
- Long term documents

**Probably covered...**

# External documents

- This was an earlier use-case, based on an earlier mechanism
- A "stable" link to an external thing
- Not addressed in this design

**Not covered**

# "Protocol" Documents

AKA - end runs around the process...

- Don't do this
- Trying to figure out how to mitigate this

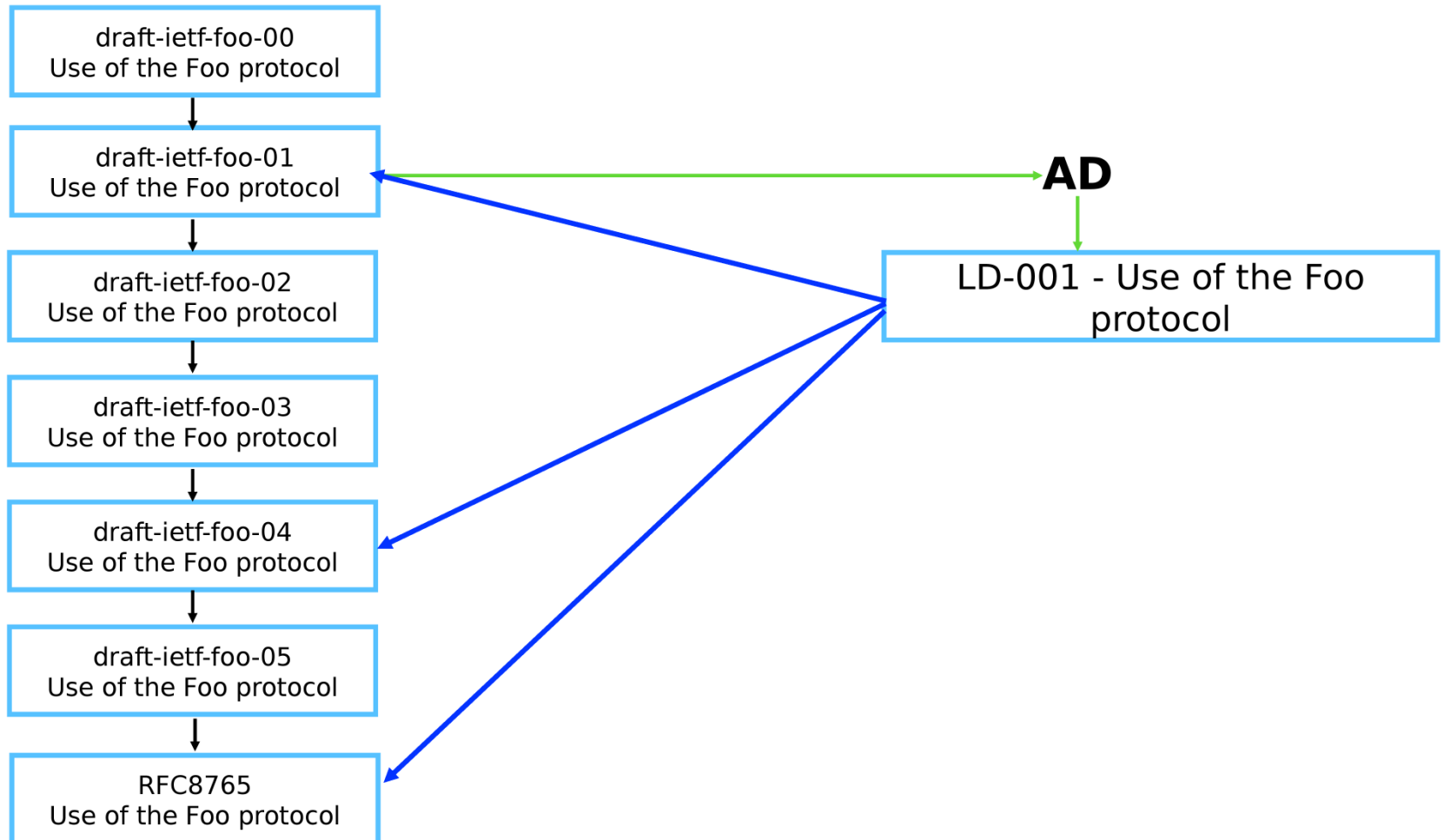
**Explicitly not supported**

# History / background

# Abandoned mechanisms...

#1

# Worked example



# Preview

Number	Title	WG / Area	Last updated
<a href="#"><u>LD-001</u></a>	Use of the Foo protocol	OpSec	Apr 8, 2019
<a href="#"><u>LD-002</u></a>	<b>SoK: SSL and HTTPS: Revisiting past challenges and evaluating certificate trust model enhancements</b>	TAPS	Apr 1, 2019
<a href="#"><u>LD-003</u></a>	<b>RFC7457 - Summarizing Known Attacks on Transport Layer Security (TLS) and Datagram TLS (DTLS)</b>	Security Area	Feb, 2015
<b>LD-004</b>			

# Abandoned mechanisms...

## #2



# DataTracker Tag

- Easy to do
- Doesn't imply **too** much stability
- Hard for external people to understand

# Currently proposed...

# #3

# Encoding in the name

- Easy to do
- Follows the "name changes when adopted" paradigm
  - draft-bob-grow-bar-19 -> draft-ietf-grow-bar-00
  - draft-ietf-grow-bar-12 -> GROW-5 version 2
  - draft-ietf-grow-bar-22 -> GROW-5 version 3
  - GROW-5 redirect to latest (GROW-5 version 3)
- RFCs may not normatively reference IDs.
  - RFCs MAY NOT reference checkpoint docs
- "checkpoints" never become RFCs
  - the "underlying" document might
- Easy for external people to understand
- The term "checkpoint" may still imply more than intended

# DRAFT disclaimer...

\*\*\*\*\*

\* This ID reflects the understanding of the WG that this  
\* version is stable enough to experiment with. Feedback  
\* will be considered by the WG, and potentially  
\* incorporated into an RFC (if published).  
\* It *has not* received IETF review, it is not an RFC, it  
\* is not set in stone. It is a snapshot in time of the  
\* current views, and is, like any ID, subject to change.  
\* This version of the document may not be used as  
\* reference material or cited. If you build a test / PoC  
\* implementation from this understand that it is all  
\* subject to change, YMMV, no warranty expressed or  
\* implied, etc etc etc.

\*\*\*\*\*

# If so, how so?

1. A web page listing these?
2. A tag in the datatracker?
3. **Encoding in the name?**
  1. draft-checkpoint-grow-03
  2. checkpoint-ietf-grow-03
  3. GROW-3

## Example

- draft-bob-grow-bar-19 -> draft-ietf-grow-bar-00
- draft-ietf-grow-bar-12 -> GROW-5 version 1
- draft-ietf-grow-bar-22 -> GROW-5 version 2
- GROW-5 always redirect to latest (GROW-5 version 3)
- If draft-ietf-grow-bar becomes RFC, GROW-5 redirects to that RFC

# Questions...

- Worth further discussion?
- What does "marking" a document mean?
  - How do we mark a document?
- What about only for Ops Area?